



Data Driven Decision-making Tools

DHIS2



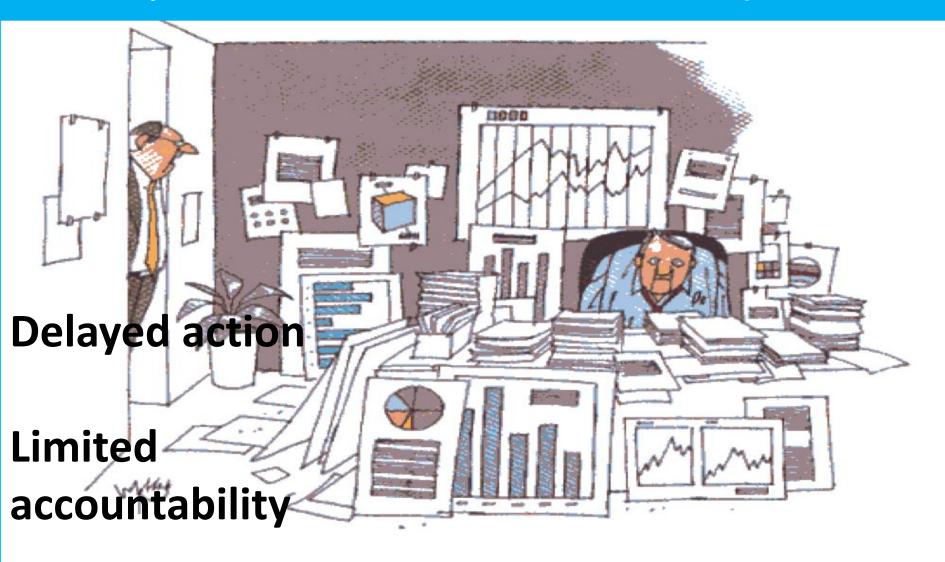
- 1. What is DHIS2?
- 2. What are the main experiences?
- 3. How it can be useful for monitoring vitamin A supplementation programmes?

What is DHIS2

- It is a tool for collection, validation, analysis, and presentation of aggregate statistical data
- Free, open software platform –
 University Oslo
- Shared and integrated data warehouse for essential data: information for action
- LTA UNICEF-University Oslo just signed!



Why do we need another software platform?

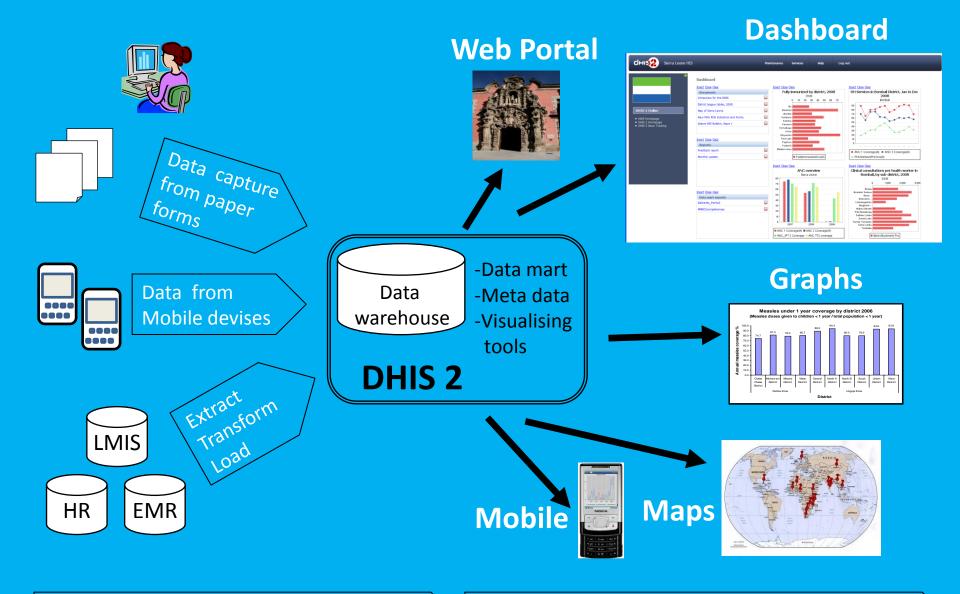


[&]quot;Looks like you've got all the data-what's the holdup?"

Benefits of DHIS2

- Comprehensive: can capture community & health facility data and allow analysis at that level promoting data use at the lowest level for decision making
- Flexible: Scalable and User friendly
- Provide different kinds of tools for data validation and improvement of data quality
- Interoperable health information architecture

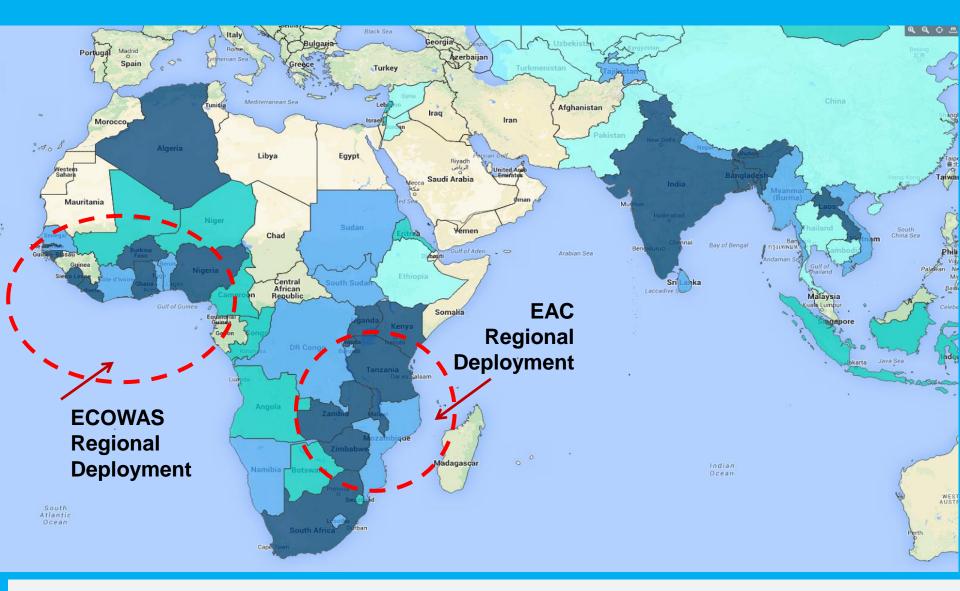




Getting data in - Data warehousing

Getting data out - Decision support systems

DHIS2 Adoption



Partners Pilot/early phase Scaling up Nation-wide rollout

MAIN EXPERIENCES

- Routine monitoring
- Individual tracking overtime
- Dashboards

DHIS 2 as an online national HIS

- integrated repository for all health statistics



Expanding DHIS 2 reach through Mobile technology



https://www.dhis2.org/



http://unicef.rapidpro.io/

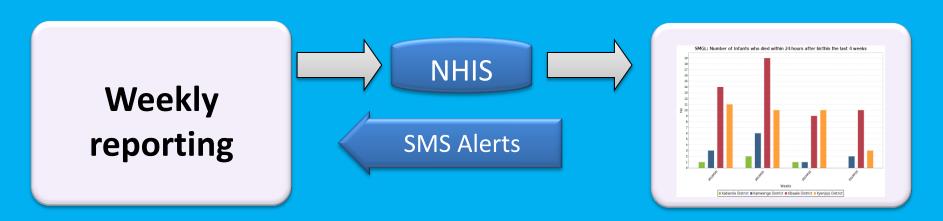


Improve routine monitoring

- Health facility: most routine data from clinics; stocks
- Community: Web/SMS reporting by Village Health Teams (CHWs)

Ex. Nigeria –MNCH program

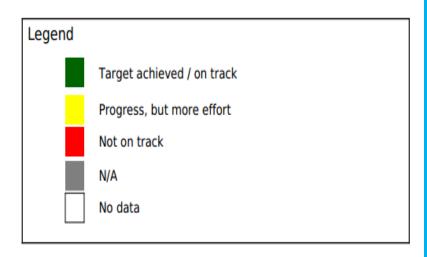
- Completeness (80% in Jigawa, Katsina 92% in Zamfara
- Timeliness (above 80% in all states except for Yobe)
- **†** Correctness



Implement country/regional DHIS2 dashboards

EAC RMNCH scorecard

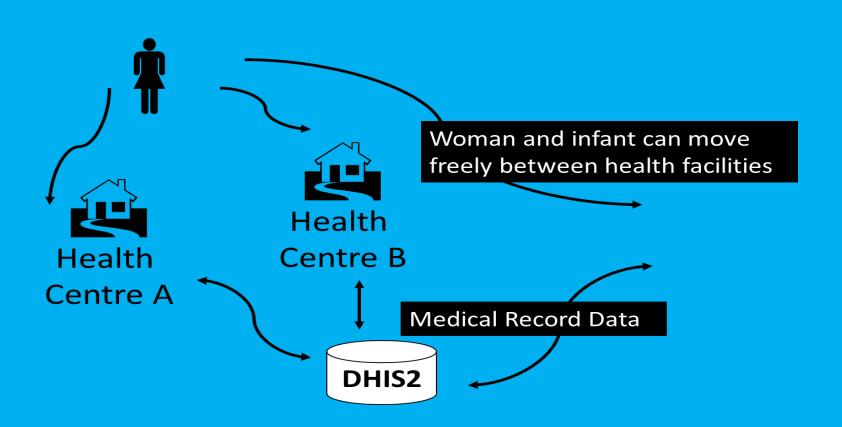
National indicators



	National priorities				Pre- Pregnancy pregnanc		Birth	Postnatal		Postnatal	Infancy	Chile	dhood	
l	Proportio n under 5 stunted				for family planning		l care (4+ visits)	attendan			Excl. breastfee ding (< 6 months)	immuliza tion	Supplem entation	Antibiotic use for suspected pneumoni a
Burundi	58.0	27.0	104.0	800.0	42.0	33.0	33.0	60.0	8.0	30.0	69.0	95.0	81.0	43.0
Kenya	30.0	37.0	73.0	360.0	64.0	47.0	47.0	44.0		42.0	32.0	84.0	30.0	47.0
Rwanda	44.0	39.0	55.0	340.0	74.0	35.0	35.0	69.0		18.0	85.0	96.0	93.0	
Tanzania	42.0	40.0	54.0	460.0	58.0	43.0	43.0	51.0		31.0	50.0	86.0	61.0	
Uganda	33.0	33.0	69.0	310.0	47.0	48.0	48.0	58.0	11.0	33.0	63.0	68.0	57.0	47.0
Zanzibar				·			·							

DHIS2 Tracker allows for tracking individuals or things over time

 UGANDA: Track Pregnant Women and Infants across facilities



How it can be useful for monitoring vitamin A supplementation?

Interoperability
CHDs Management dashboards

CHDs management dashboards

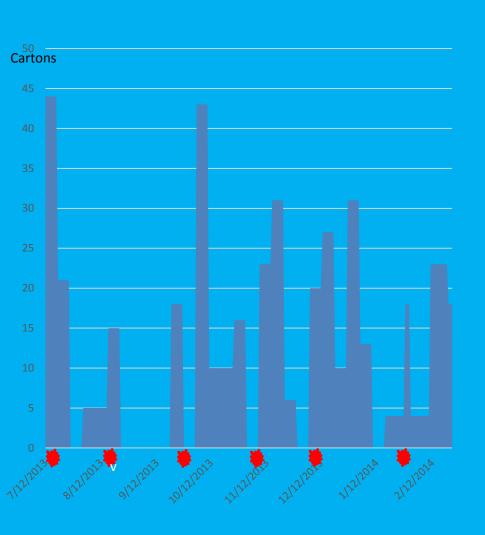


1. Microplanning

Enter population data directly from coverage area and validate with district and regional leaders

Last update - 12-05-15 18:30

Child health Days management Dashboard



2. Pre-positioning of Stocks

Tracking vit A stocks from Port, warehouses to implementation sites

Child health Days management Dashboard



3. Improve program Reporting

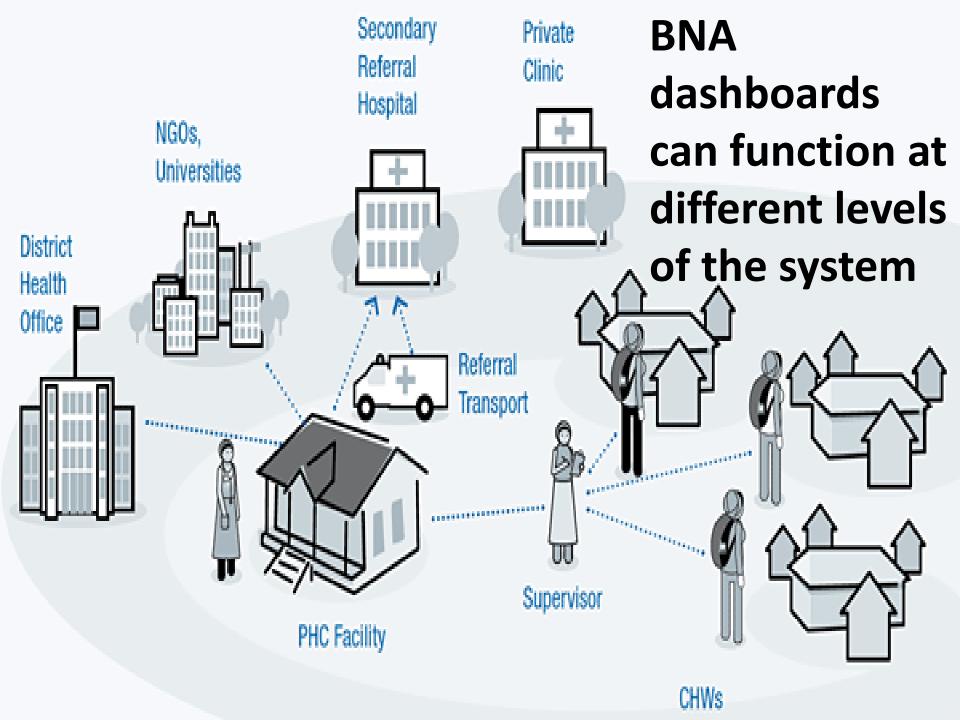
(Real time monitoring)

Daily updates on vit A delivery and stock to ensure high coverage

4. Bottleneck Analysis Dashboards

- Focused on action and accountability
 - Focused on identification of supply-side and demandside bottlenecks, root causes, and management response
- Reflect the information needs of end-users at different levels to make decisions
- Reflect tracer interventions for service delivery platforms (facility, outreach, community) and programs
- Can be built using data from different sources





Management Response Tracker

Wallagement Response Tracker											
District	Not due	Due soon	Overdue	Open	Closed	% closed	% Overdue	Avg. Response Time			
Buikwe	153	106	15	121	2	2%	12%	62 days			
Bukomans.	20	33	4	37	1	2%	12%	34 days			
Butambala	21	22	6	28	5	18%	21%	20 days			
Buvuma	145	111	17	128	10	13%	13%	7 days			
Gomba	104	92	13	105	5	5%	12%	5 days			
Kalangala	19	25	1	26	5	19%	4%	5 days			

Buvuma 13% 13% 128 10 Gomba

Kalangala

7 days 5 days 105 5 5% 12%

26

5

19%

4%

5 days

SUMMARY

- Improve data quality: direct linkage with service providers/ clients and logistics availability
- Improve data analysis, interpretation, reporting and use at all levels
- Improve coverage of data collection: remote areas
- Better integration of vitamine A (CHDs) data into national databases for planning and evaluation
- Enhanced interoperability across programmes e.g.
 Nutrition, Health, CRVS, etc.

Merci!

Thank you!